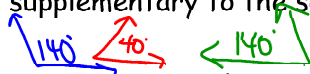


Objective: You will learn the angle theorems and use them to solve problems and prove geometric relationships



Congruent Supplements Theorem: Angles supplementary to the same angle are **congruent**.



Congruent Complements Theorem: Angles complementary to the same angle are **congruent**.

Right Angles Congruence Theorem:



All right angles are congruent.

Linear Pair Postulate: If two angles form a linear pair, then they are supplementary.

Vertical Angles Congruence Theorem: All vertical angles are congruent.

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Example 1: Determine whether the following statements are **always**, **sometimes**, or **never** true.

- a. Two angles that are complementary form a right angle. ~~S~~
- b. Two angles that are vertical are adjacent. N
- c. Two angles that are supplementary are congruent. S
- d. Two angles that form a linear pair are supplementary. a

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Example 2: Tomas and Jacob wrote equations involving the angle measures shown. Who is correct? Explain.

used AA P correctly

Tomas
 $m\angle ABE + m\angle EBC = m\angle ABC$

Jacob
 $m\angle ABE + m\angle FBC = m\angle ABC$

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Example 3: Find the pairs of congruent angles and explain how you know they are congruent.

$\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$
 $\angle 2 \cong \angle 4$
 $\angle 1 \cong \angle 5$
 $\angle 3 \cong \angle 5$

vert. angles thru (VAT)
 VAT
 def of \cong
 def of \cong

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Example 4: Solve for x & y.

$\frac{1}{2}y = y - 23x$
 $\frac{1}{2}y = y - 23(4)$
 $20x + 8 = 24x - 8$
 $8 = 4x - 8$
 $16 = 4x$
 $4 = x$

$\frac{1}{2}y = y - 92$
 $-\frac{1}{2}y = -92$
 $y = 184$

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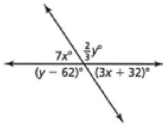
Example 5: Solve for x & y.

$$3\left(\frac{2}{3}y = y - 62\right)$$

$$2y = 3y - 186$$

$$-y = -186$$

$$y = 186$$



$$7x = 3x + 32$$

$$4x = 32$$

$$x = 8$$

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Example 6: Given: $\angle 1$ & $\angle 5$ are right angles
 $\angle 5$ & $\angle 8$ are supplementary
 Prove: $\angle 3 \cong \angle 8$



Statements	Justifications
1. $\angle 1$ & $\angle 5$ are right angles; $\angle 5$ & $\angle 8$ are supplementary	1. Given
2. $m\angle 5 = 90$	2. def of rt \angle .
3. $m\angle 5 + m\angle 8 = 180$	3. def of supp.
4. $90 + m\angle 8 = 180$	4. subst.
5. $m\angle 8 = 90$	5. subtract prop
6. $\angle 8$ is a right angle	6. def of rt \angle .
7. $\angle 8 \cong \angle 1$	7. rt \angle \cong thm
8. $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$	8. VAT
9. $\angle 8 \cong \angle 3$	9. transitive
10. $\angle 3 \cong \angle 8$	10. symm

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