

Objectives: You will identify and use basic postulates about points, lines, and planes and decide what can be assumed and what needs to be labeled.

Postulate: An accepted statement of fact.



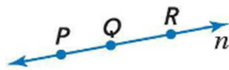
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Two Point Postulate: Through any two points there exists exactly one line.



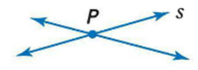
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Line-Point Postulate: A line contains at least two points.



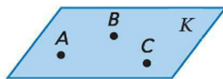
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Line Intersection Postulate: If two lines intersect, then their intersection is exactly one point.



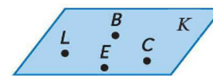
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Three Point Postulate: Through any three non-collinear points, there exists exactly one plane.



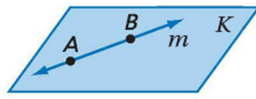
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Plane-Point Postulate: A plane contains at least three non-collinear points.



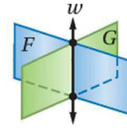
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Plane-Line Postulate: If two points lie in a plane, then the line containing them lies in the plane.



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Plane Intersection Postulate: If two planes intersect, then their intersection is a line.



Oct 14-1:43 PM

Example #1: Complete with always, sometimes, or never.

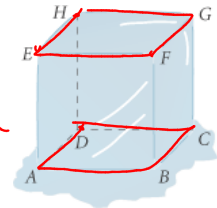
- a) Three points are sometimes collinear.
- b) Two planes always intersect at a line.
- c) Two lines never intersect at a plane.
- d) Two points always determine a line.
- e) Parallel lines never intersect.



Mar 5-4:26 PM

Example #2: Use the diagram determine whether you can assume the statement

- 1. Points H, E, and F are collinear.
No, not on same line
- 2. Points H, E, D, and F are coplanar.
No, not on same plane
- 3. Point F is on the front plane.
yes
- 4. Plane HEFG and plane DABC intersect.
no, they are parallel



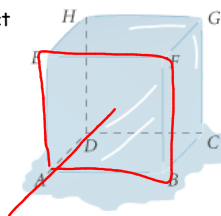
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5. \overleftrightarrow{BC} and \overleftrightarrow{AB} intersect

yes, at B

6. \overleftrightarrow{AD} and plane ABFE intersect at A.

yes



Mar 5-4:29 PM

Example #3: State the postulate or theorem you would use to justify the statement made about each figure.

- (a) One plane contains points A, B, and C. *plane*
- (b) Only one line contains points Q and T. *point*
- (c) L lies in plane P. *line*
- (d) Plane G and plane H intersect along line l. *plane int.*

- (e) There is another point besides w on m. *line point*
- (f) ~~One plane contains~~ l and l intersect at A. *line int.*



Oct 14-1:54 PM